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Risk factors

Table 1. Risk factor indicators by household income quintile, geography and immigrant status

Indicator	Household Income Quintile (Q)					Geography				Immigrant status		
	Q1 (Lowest)	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5 (Highest)	Rural-Very Remote	Rural-Remote	Rural	Urban	Immigrant: <10 years in Canada	Immigrant: 10 years or more in Canada	Canadian-born
1. Percentage of population (age>=12) reporting daily or occasional smoking, Canada - 2011	24.9 (23.5-26.3)	21.1 (19.6-22.5)	19.9 (18.7-21.1)	18.1 (16.9-19.3)	15.2 (14.2-16.3)	24.0 (22.6-25.4)	21.4 (19.8-23.0)	22.9 (20.5-25.2)	19.3 (18.6-19.9)	12.5 (9.7-15.2)	13.3 (11.8-14.7)	22.0 (21.3-22.6)
2. Percentage of recent smokers (age>=20) who have quit smoking in the last two years, Canada - 2011	14.6 (12.3-16.9)	17.4 (15.2-19.7)	18.6 (16.2-20.9)	19.4 (16.7-22.2)	21.3 (18.6-23.9)	20.4 (17.5-23.3)	18.7 (15.5-21.9)	16.4 (12.2-20.6)	17.8 (16.6-19.0)	20.7 ^E (13.6-27.8)	15.7 (12.2-19.2)	18.3 (17.1-19.4)
3. Percentage of population (age>=18) reporting exceeding low-risk drinking guidelines in previous 12 months, Canada - 2005	5.7 (5.3-6.2)	7.6 (7.1-8.2)	9.4 (8.8-10.0)	10.7 (10.0-11.3)	14.2 (13.4-14.9)	8.9 (8.2-9.5)	9.1 (8.3-9.9)	10.6 (9.5-11.8)	9.2 (8.9-9.5)	2.3 ^E (1.5-3.0)	5.0 (4.5-5.5)	10.7 (10.4-11.0)

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4. Percentage of population (age>=18) reporting exceeding low-risk drinking guidelines in previous 12 months, Canada (MB, NL, ON, QC, SK) - 2011	6.5 (5.4-7.6)	8.4 (7.0-9.7)	9.3 (8.1-10.5)	11.0 (9.9-12.1)	12.7 (11.3-14.1)	9.1 (7.6-10.6)	9.3 (7.5-11.1)	10.8 (8.6-13.1)	9.6 (8.9-10.2)	*	4.2 (3.3-5.0)	11.6 (10.9-12.2)
5. Percentage of population (age>=18) classified as overweight or obese, Canada - 2011	48.7 (46.9-50.5)	51.3 (49.5-53.1)	52.8 (50.9-54.5)	53.4 (51.7-55.1)	54.2 (52.5-55.8)	60.7 (58.9-62.4)	58.4 (56.2-60.5)	57.7 (54.9-60.5)	50.7 (49.8-51.6)	35.6 (31.5-39.6)	51.8 (49.6-54.0)	53.8 (52.9-54.6)
6. Percentage of population (age>=18, male) classified as overweight or obese, Canada - 2011	51.1 (48.2-54.0)	57.0 (54.5-59.6)	60.0 (57.7-62.3)	63.0 (60.8-65.3)	65.9 (63.9-68.0)	67.7 (65.3-70.1)	65.9 (62.9-68.9)	68.6 (65.1-72.1)	58.6 (57.4-59.7)	44.3 (38.0-50.5)	58.8 (55.8-61.8)	61.8 (60.8-62.9)
7. Percentage of population (age>=18, female) classified as overweight or obese, Canada - 2011	46.9 (44.7-49.2)	46.2 (43.9-48.5)	45.9 (43.4-48.4)	41.8 (39.5-44.1)	38.8 (36.3-41.3)	53.1 (50.8-55.4)	50.9 (47.6-54.2)	45.7 (41.5-49.9)	42.9 (41.7-44.2)	26.6 (22.1-31.2)	44.7 (41.9-47.5)	45.7 (44.5-46.9)

The territories are excluded from income analysis in the Canadian Community Health Survey

* Suppressed due to statistical unreliability caused by small numbers.

E Interpret with caution due to a large amount of variability in the estimate.

Data source: Canadian Community Health Survey (CCHS)

Self-reported Screening

Table 2. Self-reported screening indicators by household income quintile, geography and immigrant status

Indicator	Household Income Quintile (Q)					Geography				Immigrant Status		
	Q1 (Lowest)	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5 (Highest)	Rural-Very Remote	Rural-Remote	Rural	Urban	Immigrant: <10 years in Canada	Immigrant: 10 years or more in Canada	Canadian-born
1. Percentage of eligible [‡] women (aged 50 to 69) reporting a screening mammogram in the past two years, Canada - 2008	61.1 (56.8-65.4)	72.1 (68.5-75.6)	77.7 (74.4-81.1)	77.4 (74.3-80.6)	77.0 (73.8-80.3)	71.1 (68.1-74.1)	71.2 (67.7-74.8)	67.8 (62.4-73.2)	72.8 (71.1-74.6)	40.6 ^E (23.3-57.9)	70.0 (66.0-74.0)	74.2 (72.7-75.6)
2. Percentage of women (aged 21 to 69) who had at least one Pap test in the past three years, Canada - 2008	72.0 (69.1-74.9)	77.9 (75.5-80.3)	81.2 (78.8-83.7)	85.0 (83.2-86.9)	88.0 (86.3-89.7)	80.2 (78.0-82.4)	78.5 (75.8-81.1)	77.9 (74.4-81.4)	80.2 (79.1-81.4)	63.7 (58.3-69.1)	75.2 (72.1-78.2)	83.1 (82.2-84.0)
3. Percentage of population (aged 50 to 74) reporting FOBT in the past two years and/or sigmoidoscopy/colonoscopy in the past five years for asymptomatic reasons, Canada - 2008	25.2 (22.7-27.7)	28.7 (26.1-31.4)	34.2 (31.5-36.9)	35.3 (32.6-37.9)	37.7 (35.0-40.4)	29.2 (27.0-31.3)	27.7 (25.3-30.0)	30.6 (26.5-34.8)	33.0 (31.7-34.3)	19.2 ^E (9.2-29.1)	35.0 (32.1-37.9)	31.7 (30.6-32.9)

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4. Percentage of population (aged 50 to 74) reporting FOBT in the past two years for asymptomatic reasons, Canada - 2008	17.9 (15.6-20.2)	20.0 (17.7-22.3)	23.7 (21.3-26.1)	23.2 (20.8-25.6)	21.9 (19.7-24.2)	20.1 (18.1-22.0)	17.5 (15.6-19.4)	18.9 (15.7-22.1)	21.6 (20.5-22.8)	*	24.5 (21.8-27.2)	20.2 (19.3-21.2)
5. Percentage of population (aged 50 to 74) reporting sigmoidoscopy/colonoscopy in the past five years for asymptomatic reasons, Canada - 2008	14.8 (12.7-17.0)	19.9 (17.3-22.5)	23.0 (19.9-26.1)	23.6 (20.4-26.7)	29.9 (26.7-33.2)	18.3 (16.2-20.4)	19.6 (16.8-22.4)	24.2 (19.6-28.7)	22.8 (21.4-24.2)	*	22.8 (19.8-25.7)	22.7 (21.4-24.0)

[†]Eligible women are those who have not had a previous lump, are not being followed up after breast cancer treatment and are not having a mammogram because of a breast problem or other specified reasons.

The territories are excluded from income analysis in the Canadian Community Health Survey

* Suppressed due to statistical unreliability caused by small numbers.

^E Interpret with caution due to a large amount of variability in the estimate.

Data source: Canadian Community Health Survey (CCHS)

Diagnosis and outcomes

Table 3a. Median and 90th percentile wait time from abnormal breast screen to resolution for women aged 50-69 requiring and not requiring a tissue biopsy, by neighbourhood income quintile (urban population) and by province/territory and Canada, 2007-08

		Province/Territory											
Time from abnormal screen to final diagnosis		Neighbourhood income quintile (Q)	NT	BC	AB	SK	MB	ON	NB	NS	PE	NL	Canada
Completed without a tissue biopsy	Median (time in weeks)	Q1 (lowest)	7.6 ^{\$}	3.0	5.3	2.9	2.6	2.3	3.3	3.9	5.1	2.9	2.7
		Q2	4.4 ^{\$}	2.9	5.1	2.9	2.3	2.3	3.1	3.7	5.1	3.0	2.6
		Q3	5.1 ^{\$}	2.9	4.9	3.0	2.5	2.3	3.1	3.6	5.0	3.1	2.6
		Q4	4.0 ^{\$}	2.7	6.0	2.9	2.4	2.1	3.1	3.7	5.9	3.0	2.4
		Q5 (highest)	6.0 ^{\$}	2.7	5.4	2.7	2.4	2.1	3.0	3.1	5.0	3.4	2.4
		Total cases	5.1	2.9	5.3	2.9	2.4	2.3	3.1	3.6	5.1	3.0	2.6
	90th percentile (time in weeks)	Q1 (lowest)	23.4 ^{\$}	9.0	12.9	6.0	7.0	6.3	6.7	6.9	9.4	12.0	7.1
		Q2	12.3 ^{\$}	8.9	14.9	5.9	6.5	6.1	6.3	6.1	9.0	13.6	7.1
		Q3	7.7 ^{\$}	8.7	12.3	5.9	6.1	6.1	6.6	6.5	9.7	15.0	6.9
		Q4	6.0 ^{\$}	8.0	12.3	5.6	7.1	6.0	6.6	6.9	9.0	12.3	6.7
		Q5 (highest)	14.0 ^{\$}	7.9	13.7	5.7	6.0	5.9	6.1	6.0	9.9	11.9	6.6
		Total cases	13.3	8.4	12.7	5.9	6.6	6.0	6.4	6.6	9.4	12.9	6.9
	Percentage (%) within 5 weeks (Target = 90%)	Q1 (lowest)	33.3 ^{\$}	73.1	47.8	84.9	78.7	84.7	77.9	78.2	49.2	67.0	80.1
		Q2	60.0 ^{\$}	74.1	50.0	85.6	84.3	85.4	81.6	83.6	50.0	68.7	81.7
		Q3	46.2 ^{\$}	75.8	55.9	85.2	83.4	85.2	76.9	81.0	51.8	71.3	81.7
		Q4	76.9 ^{\$}	78.3	32.5	87.7	81.7	85.8	78.1	79.3	36.5	73.2	82.6

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		Q5 (highest)	20.0 [§]	78.9	43.4	85.3	86.7	86.1	82.1	82.6	51.4	69.0	83.2
		Total cases	46.7	76.4	46.2	85.9	83.4	85.5	79.3	81.0	48.1	69.9	82.1
Completed with a tissue biopsy	Median (time in weeks)	Q1 (lowest)	*	7.9	8.5 [§]	7.6	6.0	6.1	8.1	6.0	6.9*	6.7	6.7
		Q2	*	7.8	6.2 [§]	7.7	6.1	6.3	7.9	6.0	9.1 [§]	6.9	6.9
		Q3	*	7.1	6.4 [§]	6.4	6.1	6.1	7.4	6.2	10.3 [§]	7.2	6.7
		Q4	*	7.0	6.6 [§]	6.6	6.6	6.0	6.6	5.4	9.0 [§]	7.9	6.3
		Q5 (highest)	*	7.1	8.0 [§]	6.4	6.1	5.9	6.9	5.9	8.7	6.1	6.3
		Total cases	9.1 [§]	7.3	7.3	6.9	6.2	6.1	7.3	5.9	9.0	7.0	6.6
	90th percentile (time in weeks)	Q1 (lowest)	*	18.0	12.9 [§]	14.3	15.1	14.4	16.7	13.4	11.6 [§]	23.0	16.1
		Q2	*	17.0	14.4 [§]	17.0	16.1	15.3	15.0	11.6	11.9 [§]	19.3	15.9
		Q3	*	16.0	13.7 [§]	10.9	14.7	14.9	13.4	14.4	13.2 [§]	17.1	15.0
		Q4	*	15.6	17.4 [§]	11.9	15.7	14.9	14.0	12.0	10.4 [§]	16.3	14.9
		Q5 (highest)	*	15.9	14.6 [§]	13.7	15.6	14.6	13.3	11.3	14.3	18.7	15.0
		Total cases	19.9 [§]	16.6	13.4	13.7	15.7	14.9	14.7	12.1	11.9	19.3	15.3
	Percentage (%) within 7 weeks (Target = 90%)	Q1 (lowest)	*	43.6	33.3 [§]	42.9	55.3	58.4	40.8	63.8	60.0 [§]	54.1	53.4
		Q2	*	44.3	61.5 [§]	42.0	57.4	55.2	44.4	62.4	20.0 [§]	55.6	52.2
		Q3	*	48.0	54.2 [§]	59.2	58.1	57.1	46.7	56.1	25.0 [§]	50.0	54.2
		Q4	*	52.0	52.2 [§]	57.9	54.1	58.6	55.7	68.7	31.6 [§]	42.0	56.8
		Q5 (highest)	*	49.6	48.2 [§]	55.7	54.4	60.0	52.8	67.2	35.1	55.8	56.7
		Total cases	18.2 [§]	47.9	50.0	52.6	55.8	58.0	48.2	63.6	33.3	51.4	54.9

Includes only women living in urban centres as defined by Statistics Canada.

Alberta wait time data are from the Screen Test Program only.

Excludes Quebec because test date and date of diagnosis are not collected.

Excludes Yukon and Nunavut. Yukon does not submit records to the CBCSD and Nunavut has not developed an organized breast screening program but provides opportunistic screening

*suppressed due to small numbers

§<30 cases, interpret with caution

See Technical Appendix for more details

Data Source: Canadian Breast Cancer Screening Database

Table 3b. Median and 90th percentile wait time from abnormal breast screen to resolution for women aged 50-69 requiring and not requiring a tissue biopsy, by geography and by province/territory and Canada, 2007-08

		Province/Territory											
Diagnostic Interval: Time from abnormal screen to diagnosis		Geography	NT	BC	AB	SK	MB	ON	NB	NS	PE	NL	Canada
Completed without a tissue biopsy	Median (time in weeks)	Urban	5.3	2.9	5.3	2.9	2.4	2.3	3.1	3.6	5.1	3.0	2.6
		Rural	*	2.9	4.9 ^s	3.4	2.9	2.7	3.0	3.9	4.6	2.9	2.9
		Rural-Remote	*	2.9	5.9	3.6	3.0	2.9	3.4	4.1	4.7	3.3	3.1
		Rural-Very Remote	5.0 ^s	3.6	5.9	3.9	3.6	2.9	2.1	4.6	3.9	3.9	3.7
		Total cases	5.1	2.9	5.7	3.1	2.7	2.3	3.1	3.9	4.9	3.3	2.7
	90th percentile (time in weeks)	Urban	12.9	8.4	12.7	5.9	6.6	6.0	6.4	6.6	9.4	12.9	6.9
		Rural	*	9.1	10.1 ^s	5.1	7.9	6.4	6.3	5.6	9.1	13.0	7.0
		Rural-Remote	*	8.7	12.3	7.4	7.9	8.1	7.0	7.1	8.4	12.1	8.1
		Rural-Very Remote	7.9 ^s	9.1	11.4	7.6	7.0	8.1	6.1	8.6	9.1	15.9	8.7
		Total cases	12.6	8.4	12.1	6.4	7.0	6.3	6.6	7.1	9.0	13.0	7.0
	Percentage (%) within 5 weeks (Target = 90%)	Urban	45.3	76.4	46.5	85.9	83.5	85.5	79.3	81.0	48.1	70.0	82.1
		Rural	*	71.7	57.9 ^s	88.7	77.1	82.1	81.7	83.1	59.7	70.2	79.7
		Rural-Remote	*	74.0	33.6	76.3	73.9	75.9	74.7	71.2	55.4	77.3	73.5
		Rural-Very Remote	55.6 ^s	70.3	37.4	72.9	76.7	74.7	85.7	59.7	63.8	69.1	70.4
		Total cases	46.6	76.0	41.7	81.4	81.2	84.4	79.3	74.6	53.1	70.7	80.6
Completed with a tissue	Median (time in weeks)	Urban	9.1 ^s	7.3	7.3	6.9	6.2	6.1	7.3	5.9	9.0	7.0	6.6
		Rural	*	6.1	*	10.7 ^s	7.1 ^s	6.6	7.7	7.3	8.0	4.7 ^s	6.9

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biopsy	90th percentile (time in weeks)	Rural-Remote	*	7.7	7.9	8.1	6.9	7.1	8.3	7.4	7.9	12.6	7.6		
		Rural-Very Remote	*	8.6	6.8	8.4	6.2	8.0	7.0	11.1	7.4 [§]	12.0	8.7		
		<i>Total cases</i>	9.1 [§]	7.3	7.1	7.4	6.3	6.3	7.5	6.9	8.1	7.7	6.9		
		Urban	19.9 [§]	16.6	13.4	13.7	15.7	14.9	14.7	12.1	11.9	19.3	15.3		
		Rural	*	12.6	*	14.1 [§]	16.4 [§]	14.1	19.0	14.0	12.3	18.6 [§]	14.1		
		Rural-Remote	*	16.3	21.0	17.9	17.4	16.1	16.7	14.6	11.1	21.3	16.9		
		Rural-Very Remote	*	17.7	14.0	13.9	15.4	16.3	15.3	18.1	11.0 [§]	22.0	16.6		
		<i>Total cases</i>	19.9*	16.6	14.0	14.1	15.9	15.0	15.2	15.0	11.9	20.9	15.6		
		Percentage (%) within 7 weeks (Target = 90%)		Urban	18.2*	47.8	50.0	52.3	55.8	57.9	48.2	63.7	33.3	51.4	54.9
		Rural		*	59.7	*	38.5 [§]	48.3 [§]	54.1	45.2	48.9	39.4	77.8 [§]	53.1	
		Rural-Remote		*	42.7	44.6	40.0	52.8	48.1	38.8	45.7	34.3	33.3	45.2	
		Rural-Very Remote		*	35.1	53.4	38.9	55.3	45.0	52.1	20.1	33.3 [§]	31.6	38.2	
		<i>Total cases</i>		15.4 [§]	47.2	50.0	47.4	55.2	56.7	46.6	52.0	34.6	46.6	52.7	

Alberta wait time data are from the Screen Test Program only.

Excludes Quebec because test date and date of diagnosis are not collected.

Excludes Yukon and Nunavut. Yukon does not submit records to the CBCSD and Nunavut has not developed an organized breast screening program but provides opportunistic screening

* suppressed due to small numbers

[§]<30 cases, interpret with caution

Data Source: Canadian Breast Cancer Screening Database

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Prostate: Early includes stage I, intermediate includes stage II and advanced includes stages III and IV

Colorectal: Early includes stages I and II, intermediate includes stage III and advanced includes stage IV

Lung: Early includes stages I, II, IIIA and advanced includes stages IIIB, all other III, IV

Data Source: Provincial cancer agencies

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			Geography														
			Urban			Rural			Rural Remote			Rural Very Remote					
Cancer	Province	Stage	Case	Percent (%)	95% Confidence Interval	Case	Percent (%)	95% Confidence Interval	Case	Percent (%)	95% Confidence Interval	Case	Percent (%)	95% Confidence Interval	Case	Percent (%)	95% Confidence Interval
		Intermediate	197	54.7	49.4 59.9	33	57.9	44.1 70.9	97	50.0	42.8 57.2	162	51.9	46.2 57.6			
		Advanced	74	20.6	16.5 25.1	8	14.0	6.3 25.8	43	22.2	16.5 28.7	72	23.1	18.5 28.2			
	NS	Early	214	25.1	22.2 28.1	*	*	*	*	53	31.9 24.9	39.6	79	24.5 19.9	29.6		
		Intermediate	446	52.2	48.8 55.6	*	*	*	*	81	48.8 41.0	56.7	162	50.3 44.7	55.9		
		Advanced	194	22.7	19.9 25.7	8	29.6	13.8 50.2	32	19.3	13.6 26.1	81	25.2	20.5 30.3			
	ON	Early	224	3.2	2.8 3.7	38	2.3	1.6 3.2	0	-	- -	0	-	- -			
		Intermediate	5,287	76.2	75.2 77.2	1,245	76.1	74.0 78.1	0	-	- -	0	-	- -			
		Advanced	1,428	20.6	19.6 21.6	353	21.6	19.6 23.7	0	-	- -	0	-	- -			
	PE	Early	68	46.6	38.3 55.0	17	42.5	27.0 59.1	37	51.4	39.3 63.3	9	42.9	21.8 66.0			
		Intermediate	59	40.4	32.4 48.8	15	37.5	22.7 54.2	29	40.3	28.9 52.5	*	*	*	*		
		Advanced	19	13.0	8.0 19.6	8	20.0	9.1 35.6	6	8.3	3.1 17.3	*	*	*	*		
	SK	Early	147	20.7	17.8 23.9	*	*	*	*	32	19.8 13.9	26.7	74	19.5 15.6	23.8		
		Intermediate	361	50.8	47.1 54.6	*	*	*	*	90	55.6 47.6	63.4	184	48.4 43.3	53.6		
		Advanced	202	28.5	25.2 31.9	9	29.0	14.2 48.0	40	24.7	18.3 32.1	122	32.1	27.4 37.1			

* Suppressed due to small numbers or to prevent residual disclosure.

Data for QC are not available

Stage at diagnosis was defined in the following ways for each of the cancer types:

Breast: Early includes stage I, intermediate includes stage II and advanced includes stages III and IV

Prostate: Early includes stage I, intermediate includes stage II and advanced includes stages III and IV

Colorectal: Early includes stages I and II, intermediate includes stage III and advanced includes stage IV

Lung: Early includes stages I, II, IIIA and advanced includes stages IIIB, all other III, IV

Data Source: Provincial cancer agencies

Table 4c. Stage distribution for breast, colorectal, lung and prostate cancer by immigrant density tercile (T) and by province, 2010 and 2011 diagnosis years combined

			Immigrant Density Tercile (T)											
			T1-lowest			T2			T3-highest					
Cancer	Province	Stage	Case	Percent (%)	95% Confidence Interval	Case	Percent (%)	95% Confidence Interval	Case	Percent (%)	95% Confidence Interval			
BREAST	Provinces Combined	Early	6,315	45.8	45.9 - 47.6	1,247	45.7	43.8 - 47.6	413	48.0	44.6 - 51.4			
		Intermediate	4,615	34.2	33.4 - 35.0	989	36.3	34.4 - 38.1	304	35.3	32.2 - 38.6			
		Advanced	2,576	19.1	18.4 - 19.7	492	18.0	16.6 - 19.5	143	16.6	14.2 - 19.3			
	AB	Early	1,725	48.7	47.0 - 50.4	367	47.5	44.0 - 51.1	18	42.9	27.7 - 59.0			
		Intermediate	1,172	33.1	31.5 - 34.7	260	33.7	30.3 - 37.1	*	*	*			
		Advanced	645	18.2	17.0 - 19.5	145	18.8	16.1 - 21.7	*	*	*			
	BC	Early	1,698	47.4	45.8 - 49.1	793	46.6	44.2 - 49.0	393	48.8	45.3 - 52.3			
		Intermediate	1,212	33.8	32.3 - 35.4	621	36.5	34.2 - 38.8	284	35.2	31.9 - 38.6			
		Advanced	672	18.8	17.5 - 20.1	289	17.0	15.2 - 18.8	129	16.0	13.5 - 18.7			
	MB	Early	641	43.9	41.3 - 46.5	74	32.9	26.8 - 39.4	*	*	*			
		Intermediate	516	35.3	32.9 - 37.9	100	44.4	37.8 - 51.2	*	*	*			
		Advanced	303	20.8	18.7 - 22.9	51	22.7	17.4 - 28.7	*	*	*			
	NB	Early	528	46.1	43.2 - 49.1	*	*	*	*	0	-	-	-	-
		Intermediate	393	34.3	31.6 - 37.2	*	*	*	*	0	-	-	-	-
		Advanced	224	19.6	17.3 - 22.0	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
	NL	Early	315	42.5	38.9 - 46.1	0	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-
		Intermediate	252	34.0	30.6 - 37.5	0	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-
		Advanced	175	23.6	20.6 - 26.8	0	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-
	NS	Early	695	47.2	44.7 - 49.8	7	63.6	30.8 - 89.1	0	-	-	-	-	-
		Intermediate	520	35.4	32.9 - 37.9	*	*	*	*	0	-	-	-	-
		Advanced	256	17.4	15.5 - 19.4	*	*	*	*	0	-	-	-	-
	PE	Early	123	52.1	45.5 - 58.6	0	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-
		Intermediate	83	35.2	29.1 - 41.6	0	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-

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			Immigrant Density Tercile (T)											
			T1-lowest				T2				T3-highest			
Cancer	Province	Stage	Case	Percent (%)	95% Confidence Interval		Case	Percent (%)	95% Confidence Interval		Case	Percent (%)	95% Confidence Interval	
	SK	Advanced	30	12.7	8.7	17.6	0	-	-	-	0	-	-	-
		Early	590	44.4	41.7	47.1	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
		Intermediate	467	35.2	32.6	37.8	5	38.5	13.9	68.4	0	-	-	-
		Advanced	271	20.4	18.3	22.7	*	*	*	*	0	-	-	-
COLORECTAL	Provinces Combined	Early	5,843	48.7	47.8	49.5	898	46.8	44.6	49.1	250	42.2	38.1	46.2
		Intermediate	3,561	29.7	28.8	30.5	596	31.1	29.0	33.2	221	37.3	33.4	41.3
		Advanced	2,606	21.7	21.0	22.4	424	22.1	20.3	24.0	122	20.6	17.4	24.1
	AB	Early	1,327	46.9	45.0	48.7	263	48.1	43.8	52.4	*	*	*	*
		Intermediate	831	29.4	27.7	31.1	150	27.4	23.7	31.4	*	*	*	*
		Advanced	672	23.7	22.2	25.4	134	24.5	20.9	28.3	*	*	*	*
	BC	Early	1,271	45.8	44.0	47.7	516	45.1	42.2	48.0	238	42.7	38.5	46.9
		Intermediate	918	33.1	31.3	34.9	375	32.8	30.0	35.6	211	37.8	33.8	42.0
		Advanced	585	21.1	19.6	22.7	254	22.2	19.8	24.7	109	19.5	16.3	23.1
	MB	Early	711	50.4	47.8	53.1	102	51.8	44.6	58.9	*	*	*	*
		Intermediate	418	29.6	27.3	32.1	65	33.0	26.5	40.0	*	*	*	*
		Advanced	281	19.9	17.9	22.1	30	15.2	10.5	21.0	*	*	*	*
	NB	Early	507	50.5	47.4	53.6	*	*	*	*	0	-	-	-
		Intermediate	258	25.7	23.0	28.5	0	-	-	-	0	-	-	-
		Advanced	239	23.8	21.2	26.6	0	-	-	-	0	-	-	-
	NL	Early	486	49.1	45.9	52.3	*	*	*	*	0	-	-	-
		Intermediate	315	31.8	28.9	34.8	0	-	-	-	0	-	-	-
		Advanced	189	19.1	16.7	21.7	0	-	-	-	0	-	-	-
	NS	Early	811	52.9	50.4	55.4	5	50.0	18.7	81.3	0	-	-	-
		Intermediate	427	27.9	25.6	30.2	*	*	*	*	0	-	-	-
		Advanced	295	19.2	17.3	21.3	*	*	*	*	0	-	-	-
	PE	Early	106	51.2	44.2	58.2	0	-	-	-	0	-	-	-
		Intermediate	49	23.7	18.1	30.1	0	-	-	-	0	-	-	-

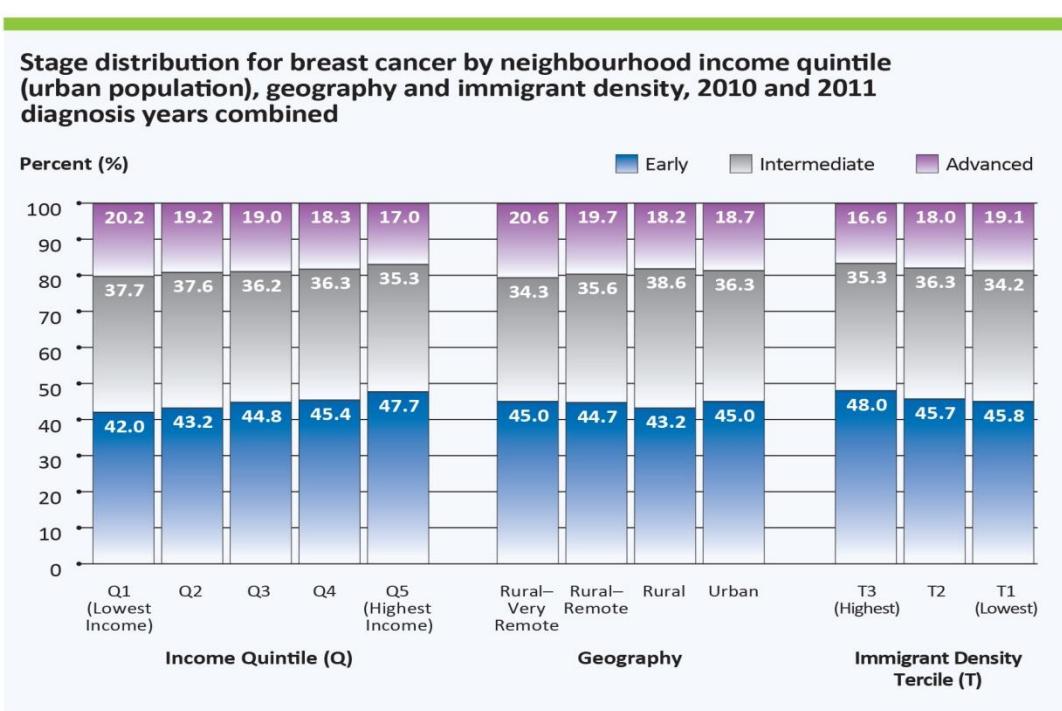
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Colorectal: Early includes stages I and II, intermediate includes stage III and advanced includes stage IV

Lung: Early includes stages I, II, IIIA and advanced includes stages IIIB, all other III, IV

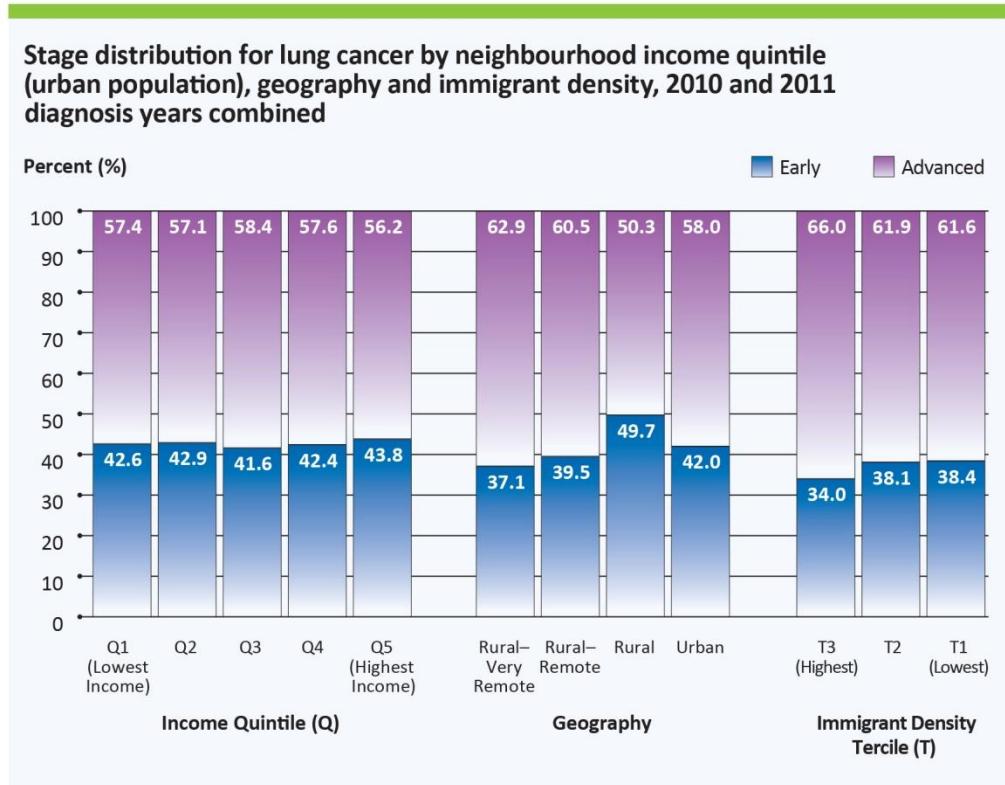
Data Source: Provincial cancer agencies

Figure A1: Stage distribution for breast cancer by neighbourhood income quintile (urban population), geography and immigrant density tercile for provinces combined, 2010 and 2011 diagnosis years combined



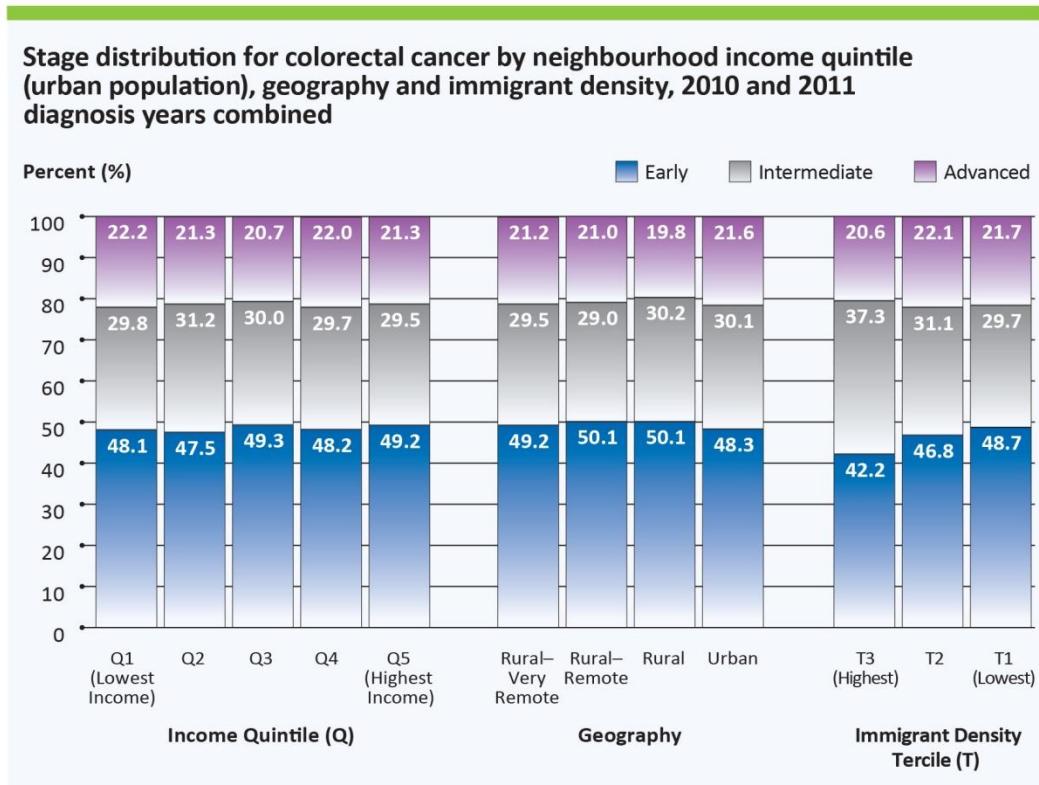
Notes: Excludes QC and the Territories.
Early includes stage I, intermediate includes stage II and advanced includes stages III and IV.
Data Source: Provincial cancer agencies.

Figure A2: Stage distribution for lung cancer by neighbourhood income quintile (urban population), geography and immigrant density tercile for provinces combined, 2010 and 2011 diagnosis years



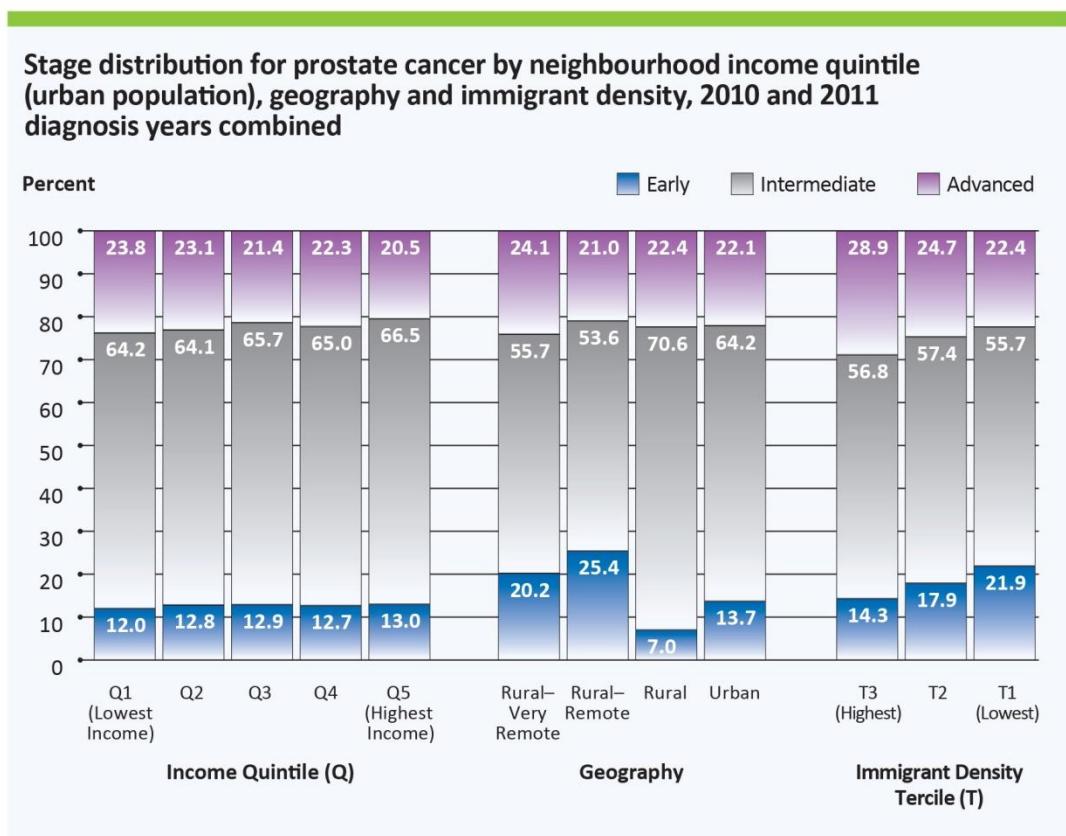
Notes: Excludes QC and the Territories
Early includes stages I, II, IIIA and advanced includes stages IIIB, all other III, IV
Data Source: Provincial cancer agencies

Figure A3: Stage distribution for colorectal cancer by neighbourhood income quintile (urban population), geography and immigrant density tercile for provinces combined, 2010 and 2011 diagnosis years



Notes: Excludes QC and the Territories.
Early includes stage I and II, intermediate includes stage III and advanced includes stage IV.
Data Source: Provincial cancer agencies.

Figure A4: Stage distribution for prostate cancer by neighbourhood income quintile (Q) (urban population), geography and immigrant density tercile (T) for provinces combined, 2010 and 2011 diagnosis years combined



Excludes QC and the Territories.
Early includes stage I, intermediate includes stage II and advanced includes stages III and IV.
Data source: Provincial cancer agencies

Table 5a. Age-standardized incidence of breast, colorectal, lung and prostate cancer by neighbourhood income quintile, Canada 2007

Cancer	Neighbourhood Income Quintile (Q)	Total Cases	Population	Age-Standardized Incident Rate (per 100,000)	95% Confidence Interval	
Breast	Q1 (lowest)	3,869	3,270,120	93.0	90.0	96.1
	Q2	4,110	3,229,440	95.1	92.2	98.2
	Q3	4,013	3,207,285	97.6	94.5	100.7
	Q4	4,195	3,199,620	103.7	100.6	107.0
	Q5 (highest)	4,428	3,153,620	108.5	105.2	111.9
Colorectal	Q1 (lowest)	4,225	6,335,035	51.6	50.1	53.3
	Q2	4,249	6,296,585	50.3	48.8	51.9
	Q3	4,084	6,295,445	52.1	50.5	53.7
	Q4	3,810	6,306,665	50.2	48.6	51.9
	Q5 (highest)	3,676	6,221,775	48.2	46.6	49.8
Lung	Q1 (lowest)	5,525	6,335,035	69.6	67.7	71.5
	Q2	5,095	6,296,585	61.0	59.4	62.8
	Q3	4,479	6,295,445	57.3	55.7	59.1
	Q4	3,920	6,306,665	52.3	50.6	54.0
	Q5 (highest)	3,251	6,221,775	43.1	41.6	44.6
Prostate	Q1 (lowest)	3,747	3,064,915	110.3	106.8	113.9
	Q2	4,417	3,067,145	120.7	117.2	124.4
	Q3	4,620	3,088,160	129.9	126.2	133.7
	Q4	4,714	3,107,045	133.5	129.7	137.4
	Q5 (highest)	5,184	3,068,155	140.5	136.6	144.4

Data Source: Statistics Canada, Canadian Cancer Registry

Table 5b. Age-standardized incidence of breast, colorectal, lung and prostate cancer by geography, Canada 2007

Cancer	Geography	Total Cases	Population	Age-Standardized Incident Rate (per 100,000)	95% Confidence Interval	
Breast	Urban	16,698	13,145,215	100.3	98.8	101.9
	Rural	830	667,945	91.2	84.9	97.8
	Rural - Remote	1,558	1,111,845	92.6	87.9	97.6
	Rural - Very Remote	1,529	1,193,765	96.1	91.2	101.2
Colorectal	Urban	15,577	25,622,505	49.3	48.6	50.1
	Rural	929	1,349,095	52.7	49.3	56.3
	Rural - Remote	1,797	2,219,320	52.9	50.4	55.4
	Rural - Very Remote	1,741	2,385,055	54.3	51.8	57.0
Lung	Urban	17,167	25,622,505	55.0	54.1	55.8
	Rural	1,116	1,349,095	62.9	59.3	66.8
	Rural - Remote	1,998	2,219,320	58.6	56.0	61.3
	Rural - Very Remote	1,989	2,385,055	62.8	60.0	65.6
Prostate	Urban	17,578	12,477,290	126.9	125.0	128.8
	Rural	1,197	681,150	134.1	126.5	142.0
	Rural - Remote	2,007	1,107,475	122.2	116.9	127.7
	Rural - Very Remote	1,900	1,191,290	125.5	119.9	131.3

Data Source: Statistics Canada, Canadian Cancer Registry

Table 6a. Age-standardized mortality of breast, colorectal, lung and prostate cancer by neighbourhood income quintile, Canada 2007

Cancer	Category	Total Cases	Population	Age-Standardized Mortality Rate (per 100,000)	95% Confidence Interval	
Breast	Q1 (lowest income)	1,048	3,270,120	21.5	20.2	22.9
	Q2	1,027	3,229,440	21.4	20.0	22.8
	Q3	914	3,207,285	20.7	19.3	22.1
	Q4	927	3,199,620	21.9	20.5	23.4
	Q5 (highest income)	929	3,153,620	22.2	20.8	23.8
Colorectal	Q1 (lowest income)	1,882	6,335,035	21.3	20.3	22.3
	Q2	1,749	6,296,585	19.9	19.0	20.9
	Q3	1,624	6,295,445	20.2	19.2	21.2
	Q4	1,579	6,306,665	20.7	19.7	21.8
	Q5 (highest income)	1,505	6,221,775	19.7	18.7	20.7
Lung	Q1 (lowest income)	4,441	6,335,035	54.7	53.1	56.4
	Q2	4,086	6,296,585	48.2	46.7	49.7
	Q3	3,459	6,295,445	44.2	42.7	45.7
	Q4	3,059	6,306,665	40.6	39.2	42.1
	Q5 (highest income)	2,677	6,221,775	35.5	34.1	36.9
Prostate	Q1 (lowest income)	720	3,064,915	20.4	18.9	22.0
	Q2	742	3,067,145	20.1	18.7	21.6
	Q3	654	3,088,160	19.7	18.2	21.3
	Q4	642	3,107,045	20.5	18.9	22.1
	Q5 (highest income)	651	3,068,155	20.7	19.1	22.4

Data Source: Statistics Canada, Vital Statistics Database

Table 6b. Age-standardized mortality of breast, colorectal, lung and prostate cancer by geography, Canada 2007

Cancer	Category	Total Cases	Population	Age-Standardized Mortality Rate (per 100,000)	95% Confidence Interval	
Breast	Urban	3,899	13,145,215	21.6	20.9	22.3
	Rural	191	667,945	20.3	17.5	23.5
	Rural - Remote	391	1,111,845	20.8	18.7	23.2
	Rural - Very Remote	364	1,193,765	20.4	18.3	22.7
Colorectal	Urban	6,371	25,622,505	19.5	19.0	20.0
	Rural	400	1,349,095	22.8	20.6	25.2
	Rural - Remote	803	2,219,320	22.9	21.3	24.6
	Rural - Very Remote	765	2,385,055	22.6	21.0	24.3
Lung	Urban	13,598	25,622,505	43.1	42.4	43.8
	Rural	835	1,349,095	47.5	44.3	50.9
	Rural - Remote	1,652	2,219,320	48.1	45.8	50.5
	Rural - Very Remote	1,637	2,385,055	51.2	48.7	53.8
Prostate	Urban	2,511	12,477,290	19.0	18.3	19.8
	Rural	171	681,150	23.0	19.6	26.7
	Rural - Remote	357	1,107,475	23.1	20.7	25.6
	Rural - Very Remote	370	1,191,290	24.3	21.9	26.9

Data Source: Statistics Canada, Vital Statistics Database

Table 7b. Percentage of cancer patients receiving radiation therapy within 2 years of diagnosis by geography, by province and provinces combined – 2010

	Geography																			
	Urban					Rural					Rural Remote					Rural Very Remote				
Province	RT Received	Diagnosed Cancers	Percent (%)	95% Confidence Interval	RT Received	Diagnosed Cancers	Percent (%)	95% Confidence Interval	RT Received	Diagnosed Cancers	Percent (%)	95% Confidence Interval	RT Received	Diagnosed Cancers	Percent (%)	95% Confidence Interval	RT Received	Diagnosed Cancers	Percent (%)	95% Confidence Interval
Provinces Combined	14,552	44,840	32.5	32.0 32.9	607	1,857	32.7	30.6 34.9	1,812	5,957	30.4	29.3 31.6	2,541	9,136	27.8	26.9 28.7				
AB	3,584	11,485	31.2	30.4 32.1	127	412	30.8	26.4 35.5	375	1,246	30.1	27.6 32.7	531	1,849	28.7	26.7 30.8				
BC	6,310	18,474	34.2	33.5 34.8	170	498	34.1	30.0 38.5	401	1,122	35.7	32.9 38.6	452	1,461	30.9	28.6 33.4				
MB	1,268	4,216	30.1	28.7 31.5	46	153	30.1	22.9 38.0	183	606	30.2	26.6 34.0	299	1,190	25.1	22.7 27.7				
NB	796	2,534	31.4	29.6 33.3	80	254	31.5	25.8 37.6	275	951	28.9	26.1 31.9	179	658	27.2	23.8 30.8				
NL	429	1,342	32.0	29.5 34.5	59	170	34.7	27.6 42.4	186	619	30.0	26.5 33.8	293	1,000	29.3	26.5 32.2				
NS	1,128	3,506	32.2	30.6 33.7	39	123	31.7	23.6 40.7	171	638	26.8	23.4 30.4	363	1,514	24.0	21.8 26.2				
PE	174	458	38.0	33.5 42.6	39	118	33.1	24.7 42.3	61	188	32.4	25.8 39.6	21	55	38.2	25.4 52.3				
SK	863	2,825	30.5	28.9 32.3	47	129	36.4	28.1 45.4	160	587	27.3	23.7 31.1	403	1,409	28.6	26.3 31.0				

Excludes ON, QC and the territories.

RT=Radiation therapy

Data Source: Provincial cancer agencies

Table 7c. Percentage of cancer patients receiving radiation therapy within 2 years of diagnosis by immigrant density tercile (T), by province and provinces combined – 2010

Province	Immigrant Density Tercile (T)														
	T1-lowest					T2					T3-highest				
	RT Received	Diagnosed Cancers	Percent (%)	95% Confidence Interval		RT Received	Diagnosed Cancers	Percent (%)	95% Confidence Interval		RT Received	Diagnosed Cancers	Percent (%)	95% Confidence Interval	
Provinces Combined	15,310	48,951	31.3	30.9	31.7	2,872	8,779	32.7	31.7	33.7	886	2,673	33.1	31.4	35.0
AB	3,719	12,083	30.8	30.0	31.6	788	2,552	30.9	29.1	32.7	48	144	33.3	25.7	41.7
BC	4,427	13,003	34.0	33.2	34.9	1,841	5,374	34.3	33.0	35.5	830	2,499	33.2	31.4	35.1
MB	1,509	5,203	29.0	27.8	30.3	223	746	29.9	26.6	33.3	*	*	*	*	*
NB	1,324	4,351	30.4	29.1	31.8	*	*	*	*	*	0	0	-	-	-
NL	959	3,108	30.9	29.2	32.5	*	*	*	*	*	0	0	-	-	-
NS	1,682	5,694	29.5	28.4	30.7	5	38	13.2	4.4	28.1	0	0	-	-	-
PE	295	817	36.1	32.8	39.5	0	0	-	-	-	0	0	-	-	-
SK	1,395	4,692	29.7	28.4	31.1	12	48	25.0	13.6	39.6	*	*	*	*	*

*Suppression due to small numbers or to prevent residual disclosure

RT=Radiation therapy

Excludes ON, QC and the territories

- Not applicable

Data Source: Provincial cancer agencies

Table 7d. Percentage of cancer patients receiving radiation therapy within 2 years of diagnosis by travel time (in minutes) to the nearest radiation treatment facility, by province and provinces combined – 2010

	Travel time (in minutes) to the nearest radiation treatment facility											
	0-39 minutes			40-89 minutes			90-179 minutes			180+ minutes		
Province	RT Received	Diagnosed	Percent (%)	RT Received	Diagnosed	Percent (%)	RT Received	Diagnosed	Percent (%)	RT Received	Diagnosed	Percent (%)
Provinces Combined	11,659	35,660	32.7	2,735	8,846	30.9	3,154	10,518	30.0	1,868	6,469	28.9
AB	3,074	9,772	31.5	637	2,094	30.4	600	2,240	26.8	296	853	34.7
BC	4,780	13,833	34.6	661	1,884	35.1	1,098	3,057	35.9	718	2,567	28.0
MB	1,219	4,067	30.0	307	1,081	28.4	171	685	25.0	87	294	29.6
NB	582	1,835	31.7	288	960	30.0	335	1,099	30.5	129	502	25.7
NL	322	977	33.0	117	356	32.9	84	248	33.9	443	1,547	28.6
NS	869	2,656	32.7	404	1,384	29.2	347	1,468	23.6	81	273	29.7
PE	176	459	38.3	96	286	33.6	23	74	31.1	0	0	0.0
SK	637	2,061	30.9	225	801	28.1	496	1,647	30.1	114	433	26.3

RT=Radiation therapy

Excludes ON, QC and the territories.

Data Source: Provincial cancer agencies

Table 8a Percentage of patients starting radiation treatment within target timeframe for all cancers combined, lung and prostate cancers, by neighbourhood income quintile (urban population), by province

		Q1-lowest			Q2			Q3			Q4			Q5-highest		
Cancer	Province	Within Target	Received RT	Percent (%)	Within Target	Received RT	Percent (%)	Within Target	Received RT	Percent (%)	Within Target	Received RT	Percent (%)	Within Target	Received RT	Percent (%)
ALL	Provinces Combined ^{ll}	4,021	4,272	94.1	4,192	4,413	95.0	4,171	4,410	94.6	4,281	4,527	94.6	4,235	4,505	94.0
	AB	965	1,013	95.3	1,070	1,116	95.9	1,064	1,126	94.5	1,077	1,131	95.2	1,070	1,121	95.5
	BC	1,830	1,958	93.5	1,869	1,998	93.5	1,845	1,938	95.2	1,856	1,978	93.8	1,925	2,076	92.7
	MB	359	365	98.4	400	402	99.5	377	381	99.0	445	447	99.6	423	425	99.5
	NB	217	242	89.7	207	216	95.8	243	267	91.0	223	240	92.9	209	224	93.3
	NL	128	131	97.7	157	161	97.5	114	116	98.3	125	127	98.4	138	146	94.5
	NS	239	274	87.2	243	270	90.0	293	342	85.7	297	340	87.4	259	296	87.5
	PE	41	42	97.6	45	47	95.7	38	39	97.4	38	39	97.4	38	40	95.0
	SK	242	247	98.0	201	203	99.0	197	201	98.0	220	225	97.8	173	177	97.7
LUNG	Provinces Combined	890	903	98.6	850	859	99.0	750	767	97.8	701	707	99.2	558	568	98.2
	AB	197	200	98.5	204	205	99.5	174	181	96.1	162	162	100.0	140	144	97.2
	BC	418	422	99.1	384	387	99.2	342	345	99.1	314	314	100.0	265	266	99.6
	MB	94	95	98.9	83	83	100.0	58	58	100.0	77	77	100.0	47	48	97.9
	NB	53	54	98.1	52	52	100.0	53	54	98.1	37	39	94.9	26	26	100.0
	NL	24	24	100.0	38	40	95.0	26	26	100.0	25	25	100.0	25	27	92.6
	NS	60	64	93.8	52	55	94.5	65	71	91.5	54	58	93.1	39	41	95.1
	PE	10	10	100.0	14	14	100.0	8	8	100.0	6	6	100.0	6	6	100.0
	SK	34	34	100.0	23	23	100.0	24	24	100.0	26	26	100.0	10	10	100.0
PROSTATE	Provinces Combined	459	549	83.6	514	607	84.7	526	611	86.1	552	666	82.9	578	700	82.6
	AB	112	142	78.9	134	162	82.7	159	197	80.7	142	182	78.0	136	175	77.7
	BC	219	258	84.9	234	283	82.7	218	250	87.2	251	304	82.6	283	347	81.6

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		Q1-lowest			Q2			Q3			Q4			Q5-highest		
Cancer	Province	Within Target	Received RT	Percent (%)	Within Target	Received RT	Percent (%)	Within Target	Received RT	Percent (%)	Within Target	Received RT	Percent (%)	Within Target	Received RT	Percent (%)
	MB	37	40	92.5	43	44	97.7	47	50	94.0	44	46	95.7	53	54	98.1
	NB	26	35	74.3	13	18	72.2	25	27	92.6	31	37	83.8	28	34	82.4
	NL	21	23	91.3	22	23	95.7	20	21	95.2	20	22	90.9	21	22	95.5
	NS	*	*	*	41	47	87.2	34	40	85.0	*	*	*	*	*	*
	PE	*	*	*	7	7	100.0	6	6	100.0	*	*	*	*	*	*
	SK	25	29	86.2	20	23	87.0	17	20	85.0	25	28	89.3	13	17	76.5

*Suppression due to small numbers or to prevent residual disclosure

[†]Percentages for ‘provinces combined’ differ from those reported in *Examining Disparities in Cancer Control: A System Performance Special Focus Report* as data for NL were added after the publication of the report.

Excludes ON, QC and the territories.

Income quintiles include only people living in urban centres as defined by Statistics Canada.

Radiation therapy wait time target is 28 days from ready to treat to start of treatment.

Data Source: Provincial cancer agencies

Table 8b Percentage of patients starting radiation treatment within target timeframe for all cancers combined, lung and prostate cancers by geography, by province and provinces combined – 2012

		Urban			Rural			Rural Remote			Rural Very Remote		
Cancer	Province	Within Target	Received RT	Percent (%)	Within Target	Received RT	Percent (%)	Within Target	Received RT	Percent (%)	Within Target	Received RT	Percent (%)
ALL	Provinces Combined ^{ll}	21,024	22,255	94.5	842	909	92.6	2,484	2,629	94.5	3,446	3,646	94.5
	AB	5,250	5,511	95.3	161	170	94.7	511	531	96.2	736	760	96.8
	BC	9,430	10,057	93.8	268	299	89.6	488	520	93.8	568	617	92.1
	MB	2,006	2,021	99.3	84	84	100.0	252	254	99.2	513	517	99.2
	NB	1,099	1,189	92.4	121	133	91.0	427	474	90.1	251	265	94.7
	NL	662	681	97.2	76	76	100.0	302	309	97.7	409	425	96.2
	NS	1,333	1,525	87.4	39	53	73.6	205	235	87.2	466	543	85.8
	PE	200	207	96.6	45	45	100.0	90	93	96.8	24	24	100.0
	SK	1,044	1,064	98.1	48	49	98.0	209	213	98.1	479	495	96.8
LUNG	Provinces Combined	3,774	3,829	98.6	153	156	98.1	528	542	97.4	636	650	97.8
	AB	877	892	98.3	19	20	95.0	88	88	100.0	112	114	98.2
	BC	1,746	1,757	99.4	58	58	100.0	102	103	99.0	124	124	100.0
	MB	359	361	99.4	11	11	100.0	42	43	97.7	92	92	100.0
	NB	221	225	98.2	27	27	100.0	113	118	95.8	55	55	100.0
	NL	138	142	97.2	16	16	100.0	81	81	100.0	87	90	96.7
	NS	271	290	93.4	*	*	*	57	64	89.1	112	121	92.6
	PE	44	44	100.0	12	12	100.0	21	21	100.0	7	7	100.0
	SK	118	118	100.0	*	*	*	24	24	100.0	47	47	100.0
PROSTATE	Provinces Combined	2,645	3,153	83.9	116	142	81.7	404	464	87.1	510	594	85.9
	AB	685	860	79.7	24	29	82.8	79	95	83.2	111	121	91.7
	BC	1,217	1,457	83.5	43	53	81.1	84	101	83.2	95	121	78.5

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		Urban			Rural			Rural Remote			Rural Very Remote		
Cancer	Province	Within Target	Received RT	Percent (%)	Within Target	Received RT	Percent (%)	Within Target	Received RT	Percent (%)	Within Target	Received RT	Percent (%)
	MB	224	234	95.7	11	11	100.0	46	47	97.9	76	79	96.2
	NB	123	151	81.5	20	25	80.0	76	92	82.6	34	41	82.9
	NL	104	111	93.7	7	7	100.0	48	50	96.0	78	86	90.7
	NS	172	201	85.6	*	*	*	32	35	91.4	64	83	77.1
	PE	18	20	90.0	5	5	100.0	11	13	84.6	7	7	100.0
	SK	102	119	85.7	*	*	*	28	31	90.3	45	56	80.4

*Suppression due to small numbers or to prevent residual disclosure

[†]Percentages for ‘provinces combined’ differ from those reported in *Examining Disparities in Cancer Control: A System Performance Special Focus Report* as data for NL were added after the publication of the report.

Excludes ON, QC and the territories.

Radiation therapy wait time target is 28 days from ready to treat to start of treatment.

Data Source: Provincial cancer agencies

Table 8c Percentage of patients starting radiation treatment within target timeframe for all cancers combined, lung and prostate cancers by immigrant density tercile (T), by province and provinces combined - 2012

		T1-lowest			T2			T3-highest		
Cancer	Province	Within Target	Received RT	Percent (%)	Within Target	Received RT	Percent (%)	Within Target	Received RT	Percent (%)
ALL	Provinces Combined ^{ll}	21,550	22,862	94.3	4,210	4,442	94.8	1,401	1,466	95.6
	AB	5,403	5,650	95.6	1,095	1,157	94.6	71	73	97.3
	BC	6,365	6,853	92.9	2,731	2,896	94.3	1,310	1,373	95.4
	MB	2,398	2,416	99.3	357	360	99.2	20	20	100.0
	NB	1,887	2,048	92.1	*	*	*	0	0	.
	NL	1,443	1,485	97.2	.	0	.	.	0	.
	NS	2,015	2,324	86.7	*	*	*	0	0	.
	PE	358	368	97.3	0	0	.	0	0	.
	SK	1,681	1,718	97.8	16	16	100.0	0	0	.
LUNG	Provinces Combined	4,062	4,140	98.1	676	684	98.8	242	242	100.0
	AB	909	924	98.4	174	177	98.3	*	*	*
	BC	1,283	1,291	99.4	434	438	99.1	239	239	100.0
	MB	429	431	99.5	65	66	98.5	*	*	*
	NB	412	421	97.9	*	*	*	0	0	.
	NL	320	327	97.9	.	0	.	.	0	.
	NS	437	474	92.2	*	*	*	0	0	.
	PE	84	84	100.0	0	0	.	0	0	.
	SK	188	188	100.0	0	0	.	0	0	.
PROSTATE	Provinces Combined	2,885	3,430	84.1	527	626	84.2	166	188	88.3
	AB	725	890	81.5	146	186	78.5	*	*	*

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Cancer	Province	T1-lowest			T2			T3-highest		
		Within Target	Received RT	Percent (%)	Within Target	Received RT	Percent (%)	Within Target	Received RT	Percent (%)
	BC	881	1,088	81.0	350	408	85.8	153	175	87.4
	MB	319	333	95.8	25	25	100.0	*	*	*
	NB	251	306	82.0	0	0	.	0	0	.
	NL	234	251	93.2	.	0	.	.	0	.
	NS	270	324	83.3	*	*	*	0	0	.
	PE	40	44	90.9	0	0	.	0	0	.
	SK	165	194	85.1	*	*	*	0	0	.

*Suppression due to small numbers or to prevent residual disclosure

. Not applicable

[†]Percentages for ‘provinces combined’ differ from those reported in *Examining Disparities in Cancer Control: A System Performance Special Focus Report* as data for NL were added after the publication of the report.

Excludes ON, QC and the territories.

Radiation therapy wait time target is 28 days from ready to treat to start of treatment.

Data Source: Provincial cancer agencies

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		Travel time to the nearest radiation treatment facility											
		0-39 minutes			40-89 minutes			90-179 minutes			180+ minutes		
Cancer	Province	Target	Total	Percent (%)	Target	Total	Percent (%)	Target	Total	Percent (%)	Target	Total	Percent (%)
	BC	895	1,052	85.1	138	168	82.1	217	288	75.3	157	186	84.4
	MB	216	225	96.0	69	71	97.2	48	51	94.1	17	17	100.0
	NB	100	120	83.3	57	63	90.5	69	92	75.0	27	34	79.4
	NL	78	83	94.0	21	22	95.5	18	18	100.0	119	130	91.5
	NS	130	152	85.5	68	82	82.9	65	80	81.3	8	13	61.5
	PE	23	27	85.2	8	8	100.0	10	10	100.0	0	0	0.0
	SK	75	91	82.4	29	31	93.5	58	67	86.6	14	19	73.7

*Suppression due to small numbers or to prevent residual disclosure

Excludes ON, QC and the territories.

Radiation therapy wait time target is 28 days from ready to treat to start of treatment.

Data Source: Provincial cancer agencies

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See Technical Appendix for more details

Data Source: Provincial cancer agencies

Table 9b. Median and 90th Percentile wait time (days) for radiation therapy for all cancers combined, lung and prostate cancers by geography, by province and provinces combined – 2012

		Geography							
		Rural		Rural Remote		Rural Very Remote		Urban	
Cancer	Province	Median	90th	Median	90th	Median	90th	Median	90th
ALL CANCERS	AB	8.0	25.0	6.0	21.0	7.0	22.0	7.0	23.0
	BC	8.0	27.0	8.0	25.0	8.0	25.0	8.0	22.0
	MB	6.0	22.0	6.5	22.0	7.0	23.0	7.0	22.0
	NB	8.0	28.0	8.0	28.0	7.0	22.0	9.0	26.0
	NL	4.0	16.0	3.0	18.0	5.0	21.0	3.0	19.0
	NS	15.0	40.0	11.0	29.0	12.0	32.0	12.0	31.0
	PE	12.0	22.0	13.0	22.0	13.5	21.0	13.0	23.0
	SK	3.0	18.0	3.0	14.0	5.0	18.0	4.0	15.0
LUNG	AB	10.0	25.0	5.0	18.0	4.5	15.0	5.0	18.0
	BC	5.0	19.0	4.0	18.0	3.0	14.0	5.0	15.0
	MB	5.0	6.0	4.0	21.0	5.0	20.0	4.0	17.0
	NB	5.0	17.0	3.0	18.0	4.0	20.0	6.0	18.0
	NL	4.0	10.0	3.0	15.0	5.0	19.0	3.0	18.0
	NS	21.0	41.0	11.0	31.0	8.0	25.0	8.0	25.0
	PE	7.0	21.0	9.0	19.0	11.0	15.0	6.5	20.0
	SK	0.0	13.0	2.0	14.0	5.0	11.0	4.0	12.0
PROSTATE	AB	7.0	54.0	6.0	35.0	6.0	26.0	8.0	53.0
	BC	14.0	37.0	14.0	40.0	15.0	36.0	13.0	36.0
	MB	21.0	27.0	7.0	27.0	17.0	28.0	17.0	28.0
	NB	12.0	36.0	11.0	40.0	12.0	34.0	11.0	37.0
	NL	0.0	18.0	7.0	22.0	14.0	27.0	7.0	27.0
	NS	35.0	50.0	2.0	27.0	13.0	37.0	7.0	34.0
	PE	18.0	28.0	13.0	29.0	20.0	27.0	20.0	29.0
	SK	13.5	49.0	10.0	28.0	7.0	40.0	5.0	40.0

Excludes ON, QC and the territories.

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Data Source: Provincial cancer agencies

Table 9c. Median and 90th Percentile wait time (days) for radiation therapy for all cancers combined, lung and prostate cancers by immigrant density tercile (T), by province and provinces combined – 2012

		Immigrant Density Tercile (T)					
		T1-lowest		T2		T3-highest	
Cancer	Province	Median	90th	Median	90th	Median	90th
ALL CANCERS	AB	7.0	22.0	8.0	25.0	7.0	23.0
	BC	8.0	24.0	8.0	21.0	8.0	21.0
	MB	7.0	22.0	6.0	21.0	13.0	25.0
	NB	8.0	26.0	.	.	.	.
	NL	4.0	19.0	.	.	.	.
	NS	12.0	31.0	14.5	30.0	.	.
	PE	13.0	22.0	.	.	.	.
	SK	4.0	15.0	5.0	16.0	.	.
LUNG	AB	5.0	18.0	6.0	20.0	*	*
	BC	5.0	17.0	6.0	15.0	5.0	15.0
	MB	4.0	19.0	5.0	15.0	7.0	7.0
	NB	4.0	18.0	.	.	.	.
	NL	4.0	17.0	.	.	.	.
	NS	9.0	26.0	7.5	15.0	.	.
	PE	7.0	20.0	.	.	.	.
	SK	3.5	12.0	.	.	.	.
PROSTATE	AB	7.0	47.0	14.0	54.0	12.5	26.0
	BC	14.0	37.0	12.0	36.0	14.0	30.0
	MB	16.0	28.0	19.0	28.0	26.0	26.0
	NB	11.0	37.0	.	.	.	.
	NL	8.0	26.0	.	.	.	.
	NS	8.0	35.0	20.5	35.0	.	.
	PE	18.0	28.0	.	.	.	.
	SK	7.0	38.0	7.0	19.0	.	.

*Suppressed due to small numbers

. Not available

Excludes ON, QC and the territories.

Data Source: Provincial cancer agencies

Table 9d. Median and 90th Percentile wait time (days) for radiation therapy for all cancers combined, lung and prostate cancers by travel time (in minutes) to the nearest radiation treatment facility, by province and provinces combined – 2012

		Travel time to the nearest radiation treatment facility							
		0-39 minutes		40-89 minutes		90-179 minutes		180+ minutes	
Cancer	Province	Median	90 th	Median	90 th	Median	90 th	Median	90 th
ALL	AB	7.0	23.0	7.0	22.0	7.0	23.0	6.0	25.0
	BC	8.0	21.0	7.0	25.0	8.0	27.0	8.0	23.0
	MB	7.0	22.0	6.0	23.0	7.0	23.0	7.0	22.0
	NB	8.0	27.0	9.0	26.0	8.0	27.0	7.0	21.0
	NL	5.0	19.0	4.0	18.0	4.0	20.0	3.0	19.0
	NS	12.0	30.5	11.0	31.0	12.0	31.0	12.5	32.5
	PE	13.0	23.0	13.0	21.0	14.0	23.0	.	.
	SK	4.0	15.0	3.0	14.0	5.0	16.0	3.5	18.0
LUNG	AB	5.0	18.0	6.0	16.0	6.0	19.0	2.5	13.0
	BC	5.0	15.0	5.0	19.0	4.0	18.0	3.0	15.0
	MB	4.0	18.0	6.0	21.0	5.0	20.0	5.0	15.0
	NB	5.0	17.0	7.0	21.0	3.0	18.0	4.0	13.0
	NL	3.0	18.0	5.0	15.0	6.0	18.0	3.0	15.0
	NS	8.5	23.0	11.0	29.0	8.0	24.0	8.0	25.0
	PE	7.0	20.0	7.0	21.0	11.0	13.0	.	.
	SK	3.0	11.0	3.0	13.0	5.0	13.0	2.0	9.0
PROSTATE	AB	8.0	53.0	7.0	39.0	6.5	32.0	12.0	60.0
	BC	13.0	36.0	12.0	38.0	16.0	38.0	16.0	33.0
	MB	17.0	28.0	16.0	27.0	12.0	27.0	9.0	28.0
	NB	10.5	36.5	10.0	24.0	12.0	46.0	12.5	46.0
	NL	7.0	26.0	7.0	19.0	3.0	24.0	11.0	27.0
	NS	8.0	35.0	8.0	35.0	8.5	34.0	22.0	46.0
	PE	20.0	30.0	13.0	19.0	17.0	25.0	.	.
	SK	5.0	40.0	8.0	26.0	8.0	37.0	6.0	48.0

. Not available

Excludes ON, QC and the territories.

Data Source: Provincial cancer agencies

Table 10a. Percentage of breast cancer resections that are mastectomies by neighbourhood income quintile (urban population), by province - 2007/08 to 2011/12 combined

Province [†]	Neighbourhood income quintile (Q)																			
	Q1-Lowest				Q2				Q3				Q4				Q5-Highest			
Mastectomy	BCS or mastectomy [‡] %	95% CI	Mastectomy	BCS or mastectomy [‡] %	95% CI	Mastectomy	BCS or mastectomy [‡] %	95% CI	Mastectomy	BCS or mastectomy [‡] %	95% CI	Mastectomy	BCS or mastectomy [‡] %	95% CI	Mastectomy	BCS or mastectomy [‡] %	95% CI			
Provinces Combined	3,255	8,161	39.9	38.8, 41.0	3,575	9,239	38.7	37.7, 39.7	3,459	9,423	36.7	35.7, 37.7	3,662	9,926	36.9	35.9, 37.9	3,667	10,301	35.6	34.7, 36.5
BC	552	1,180	46.8	43.9, 49.7	654	1,328	49.2	46.5, 52.0	618	1,367	45.2	42.5, 47.9	613	1,351	45.4	42.7, 48.1	580	1,464	39.6	37.1, 2.2
AB	426	688	61.9	58.2, 65.6	455	818	55.6	52.1, 59.1	443	803	55.2	51.7, 58.6	443	861	51.5	48.1, 54.8	479	942	50.8	47.6, 54.1
SK	126	214	58.9	52.0, 65.5	118	184	64.1	56.7, 71.1	123	185	66.5	59.2, 73.2	145	211	68.7	62.0, 74.9	109	204	53.4	46.3, 60.4
MB	74	226	32.7	26.7, 39.3	99	309	32.0	26.9, 37.6	80	268	29.9	24.4, 35.7	108	305	35.4	30.0, 41.1	104	302	34.4	29.1, 40.1
ON	1,221	3,204	38.1	36.4, 39.8	1,310	3,593	36.5	34.9, 38.1	1,304	3,741	34.9	33.3, 36.4	1,497	4,182	35.8	34.3, 37.3	1,549	4,389	35.3	33.9, 36.7
QC	613	2,204	27.8	26.0, 29.7	664	2,492	26.6	24.9, 28.4	632	2,525	25.0	23.4, 26.8	590	2,463	24.0	22.3, 25.7	578	2,449	23.6	21.9, 25.3
NB	84	158	53.2	45.1, 61.1	80	168	47.6	39.9, 55.5	76	184	41.3	34.1, 48.8	78	173	45.1	37.5, 52.8	71	175	40.6	33.2, 48.2
NS	98	177	55.4	47.7, 62.8	124	243	51.0	44.6, 57.5	120	227	52.9	46.1, 59.5	137	271	50.6	44.4, 56.7	118	238	49.6	43.1, 56.1
PE	14	35	40.0	23.9, 57.9	12	23	52.2	30.6, 73.2	15	32	46.9	29.1, 65.3	15	37	40.5	24.8, 57.9	16	35	45.7	28.8, 63.4
NL	47	75	62.7	50.7, 73.6	59	81	72.8	61.8, 82.1	48	91	52.7	42.0, 63.3	36	72	50.0	38.0, 62.0	63	103	61.2	51.1, 70.6

The Territories are excluded from the analysis due to small sample size.

Data for AB are for 2007/08 to 2009/10

[‡]BCS stands for breast conserving surgery

Mastectomy rates include women who receive a mastectomy first as well as women who receive breast conserving surgery first followed by a mastectomy within one year.

Data sources: Hospital Morbidity Database, Canadian Institute for Health Information

National Ambulatory Care Reporting System, Canadian Institute for Health Information

Fichier des hospitalisations MED-ÉCHO, Ministère de la Santé et des Services Sociaux du Québec

Alberta Ambulatory Care Reporting System.

Table 10b. Percentage of breast cancer resections that are mastectomies by geography and by province -2007/08 to 2011/12 combined

	Geography															
	Urban				Rural				Rural-Remote				Rural-Very Remote			
Province	Mastectomy	BCS or mastectomy [‡]	%	95% CI	Mastectomy	BCS or mastectomy [‡]	%	95% CI	Mastectomy	BCS or mastectomy [‡]	%	95% CI	Mastectomy	BCS or mastectomy [‡]	%	95% CI
Provinces Combined	17,718	47,279	37.5	37.0, 37.9	995	2,589	38.4	36.6, 40.3	1,816	4,329	41.9	40.5, 43.4	2,158	4,127	52.3	50.8, 53.8
BC	3,047	6,743	45.2	44.0, 46.4	96	203	47.3	40.3, 54.4	143	340	42.1	36.8, 47.5	256	449	57.0	52.3, 61.6
AB	2,250	4,122	54.6	53.1, 56.1	89	144	61.8	53.3, 69.8	233	399	58.4	53.4, 63.3	353	591	59.7	55.7, 63.7
SK	622	1,002	62.1	59.0, 65.1	26	42	61.9	45.6, 76.4	104	158	65.8	57.9, 73.2	298	468	63.7	59.1, 68.0
MB	466	1,414	33.0	30.5, 35.5	12	46	26.1	14.3, 41.1	62	176	35.2	28.2, 42.8	156	356	43.8	38.6, 49.1
ON	6,902	19,177	36.0	35.3, 36.7	445	1,111	40.1	37.2, 43.0	477	1,054	45.3	42.2, 48.3	257	514	50.0	45.6, 54.4
QC	3,082	12,157	25.4	24.6, 26.1	210	838	25.1	22.2, 28.1	385	1,523	25.3	23.1, 27.5	249	772	32.3	29.0, 35.7
NB	389	858	45.3	42.0, 48.7	41	79	51.9	40.4, 63.3	127	263	48.3	42.1, 54.5	89	194	45.9	38.7, 53.2
NS	598	1,159	51.6	48.7, 54.5	22	44	50.0	34.6, 65.4	116	188	61.7	54.3, 68.7	253	439	57.6	52.9, 62.3
PE	72	162	44.4	36.6, 52.4	20	37	54.1	36.9, 70.5	34	61	55.7	42.4, 68.5	9	16	56.3	29.9, 80.2
NL	253	422	60.0	55.1, 64.7	34	45	75.6	60.5, 87.1	135	167	80.8	74.0, 86.5	201	270	74.4	68.8, 79.5
Territories	37	63	58.7	45.6, 71.0	0	0	-	-	0	0	-	-	37	58	63.8	50.1, 76.0

-Not applicable

Data for AB are for 2007/08 to 2009/10

[‡]BCS stands for breast conserving surgery

Mastectomy rates include women who receive a mastectomy first as well as women who receive breast conserving surgery first followed by a mastectomy within one year.

Data sources: Hospital Morbidity Database, Canadian Institute for Health Information

National Ambulatory Care Reporting System, Canadian Institute for Health Information

Fichier des hospitalisations MED-ÉCHO, Ministère de la Santé et des Services Sociaux du Québec

Alberta Ambulatory Care Reporting System.

Table 10c. Percentage of breast cancer resections that are mastectomies by immigrant density tercile (T) and by province -2007/08 to 2011/12 combined

Province [†]	Immigrant density tercile (T)														
	T1-Lowest					T2					T3-Highest				
	Mastectomy	BCS or mastectomy [‡]	%	95% CI		Mastectomy	BCS or mastectomy [‡]	%	95% CI		Mastectomy	BCS or mastectomy [‡]	%	95% CI	
Provinces Combined	13,432	29,195	46.0	45.4	46.6	3,389	8,653	39.2	38.1	40.2	1,635	4,547	36.0	34.6	37.4
BC	2,039	4,399	46.4	44.9	47.8	917	2,111	43.4	41.3	45.6	471	1,008	46.7	43.6	49.9
AB	2,354	4,192	56.2	54.6	57.7	511	940	54.4	51.1	57.6	*	*	*	*	*
SK	1,008	1,606	62.8	60.3	65.1	*	*	*	*	*	0	0	-	-	-
MB	595	1,694	35.1	32.8	37.5	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
ON	4,997	12,834	38.9	38.1	39.8	1,864	5,340	34.9	33.6	36.2	1,138	3,478	32.7	31.2	34.3
Atlantic	71	116	61.2	51.7	70.1	0	0	-	-	-	0	0	-	-	-
Territories	2,368	4,354	54.4	52.9	55.9	7	16	43.8	19.8	70.1	0	0	-	-	-

-Not applicable

Excludes QC

Data for AB are for 2007/08 to 2009/10

Atlantic includes NB, NS, PE and NL

*Suppressed due to small numbers or to prevent residual disclosure

[†]BCS stands for breast conserving surgery

Mastectomy rates include women who receive a mastectomy first as well as women who receive breast conserving surgery first followed by a mastectomy within one year.

Data sources: Hospital Morbidity Database, Canadian Institute for Health Information

National Ambulatory Care Reporting System, Canadian Institute for Health Information

Fichier des hospitalisations MED-ÉCHO, Ministère de la Santé et des Services Sociaux du Québec

Alberta Ambulatory Care Reporting System.

Table 11d. Percentage of rectal cancer resections that include a permanent colostomy, by travel time to the nearest hospital performing surgery, 2007/08 to 2011/12 combined

	Travel time to the nearest hospital performing surgery																			
	0-39 minutes				40-89 minutes				90-179 minutes				180+ minutes							
Province [†]	Permanent colostomy/ileostomy	Rectal resection [#] %	95% CI	Permanent colostomy/ileostomy	Rectal resection [#] %	95% CI	Permanent colostomy/ileostomy	Rectal resection [#] %	95% CI	Permanent colostomy/ileostomy	Rectal resection [#] %	95% CI	Permanent colostomy/ileostomy	Rectal resection [#] %	95% CI	Permanent colostomy/ileostomy	Rectal resection [#] %	95% CI		
Provinces Combined	3,115	8,687	35.9	34.8	36.9	511	1,224	41.7	39.0	44.6	216	508	42.5	38.2	47.0	23	54	42.6	29.2	56.8
BC	609	1,748	34.8	32.6	37.1	54	146	37.0	29.2	45.4	36	91	39.6	29.5	50.4	*	*	*	*	*
AB	295	844	35.0	31.7	38.3	57	162	35.2	27.9	43.1	29	71	40.8	29.3	53.2	*	*	*	*	*
SK	131	294	44.6	38.8	50.4	54	105	51.4	41.5	61.3	67	122	54.9	45.7	63.9	*	*	*	*	*
MB	172	454	37.9	33.4	42.5	45	99	45.5	35.4	55.8	16	35	45.7	28.8	63.4	*	*	*	*	*
ON	1,572	4,499	34.9	33.5	36.4	166	407	40.8	36.0	45.7	18	59	30.5	19.2	43.9	*	*	*	*	*
NB	85	235	36.2	30.0	42.7	44	107	41.1	31.7	51.0	19	62	30.6	19.6	43.7	*	*	*	*	*
NS	140	378	37.0	32.2	42.1	54	128	42.2	33.5	51.2	*	*	*	*	*	0	0	-	-	-
PE	*	*	51.8	38.0	65.3	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0	0	-	-	-
NL	80	170	47.1	39.4	54.9	32	60	53.3	40.0	66.3	23	49	46.9	32.5	61.7	*	*	*	*	*
Territories*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0	0	-	-	-	*	*	*	*	*

*Suppressed due to small numbers or to prevent residual disclosure

Excludes QC

[†]Rectal resection includes permanent colostomy/ileostomy, temporary colostomy and other rectal section

Data source: Hospital Morbidity Database, Canadian Institute for Health Information

National Ambulatory Care Reporting System, Canadian Institute for Health Information

Fichier des hospitalisations MED-ÉCHO, Ministère de la Santé et des Services Sociaux du Québec

Alberta Ambulatory Care Reporting System

Research

Table 12a. Clinical Trials Participation Ratio by neighbourhood Income quintile (urban population), by province and provinces combined – 2012

	Neighbourhood Income Quintile (Q)														
	Q1-lowest			Q2			Q3			Q4			Q5-highest		
Province	Clinical Trial	Diagnosed	Ratio	Clinical Trial	Diagnosed	Ratio	Clinical Trial	Diagnosed	Ratio	Clinical Trial	Diagnosed	Ratio	Clinical Trial	Diagnosed	Ratio
Provinces Combined	187	8,201	0.023	263	8,219	0.032	294	8,212	0.036	331	8,191	0.040	343	8,280	0.041
AB	87	2,327	0.037	136	2,362	0.058	135	2,399	0.056	160	2,417	0.066	154	2,491	0.062
BC	72	3,762	0.019	87	3,737	0.023	117	3,784	0.031	118	3,819	0.031	137	3,859	0.036
MB	7	815	0.009	18	920	0.020	26	851	0.031	17	827	0.021	26	842	0.031
NB	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
PE	*	*	*	*	*	*	0	94	0.000	*	*	*	*	*	*
SK	17	642	0.026	15	598	0.025	*	*	*	31	581	0.053	19	551	0.034

*Suppression due to small numbers or to prevent residual disclosure

Includes BC, AB, SK, MB, NB and PE

See Technical Appendix for more details

Data Source: Provincial cancer agencies

Table 12b. Clinical Trials Participation Ratio by geography, by province and provinces combined – 2012

Province	Geography											
	Urban			Rural			Rural Remote			Rural Very Remote		
	Clinical Trial	Diagnosed	Ratio	Clinical Trial	Diagnosed	Ratio	Clinical Trial	Diagnosed	Ratio	Clinical Trial	Diagnosed	Ratio
Provinces Combined	1,425	41,308	0.034	51	1,634	0.031	119	4,789	0.025	143	6,659	0.021
AB	672	12,015	0.056	23	418	0.055	63	1,246	0.051	80	1,915	0.042
BC	538	19,126	0.028	15	580	0.026	27	1,152	0.023	20	1,481	0.014
MB	94	4,259	0.022	*	*	*	7	610	0.011	12	1,216	0.010
NB	19	2,427	0.008	0	260	0.000	5	1,013	0.005	6	612	0.010
PE	6	494	0.012	*	*	*	0	197	0.000	0	61	0.000
SK	96	2,987	0.032	8	116	0.069	17	571	0.030	25	1,374	0.018

*Suppression due to small numbers or to prevent residual disclosure

See Technical Appendix for more details

Data Source: Provincial cancer agencies

Table 12c. Clinical Trials Participation Ratio by immigrant density tercile, by province and provinces combined – 2012

Province	T1-lowest			T2			T3-highest		
	Clinical Trial	Diagnose d	Ratio	Clinical Trial	Diagnose d	Ratio	Clinical Trial	Diagnose d	Ratio
Provinces Combined	1,275	41,307	0.031	341	8,950	0.038	94	2,773	0.034
AB	684	12,632	0.054	144	2,569	0.056	*	*	*
BC	311	13,473	0.023	187	5,550	0.034	84	2,588	0.032
MB	102	5,279	0.019	*	*	*	*	*	*
NB	30	4,274	0.007	0	10	0.000	0	0	.
PE	7	850	0.008	0	0	.	0	0	.
SK	141	4,799	0.029	*	*	*	.	.	.

*Suppression due to small numbers or to prevent residual disclosure

See Technical Appendix for more details

Data Source: Provincial cancer agencies

Relative Survival

Table 13a. Relative survival ratios for urban Canada for all cancers, by neighbourhood income quintile, Canada 2004-2006

Neighbourhood income quintile	Years since diagnosis	Relative survival for urban Canada
Q1 (Lowest)	0	100
Q1 (Lowest)	1	76.5
Q1 (Lowest)	2	69.2
Q1 (Lowest)	3	65.2
Q1 (Lowest)	4	62.8
Q1 (Lowest)	5	61.1
Q2	0	100
Q2	1	79.6
Q2	2	72.6
Q2	3	69.2
Q2	4	66.7
Q2	5	64.9
Q3	0	100
Q3	1	81.6
Q3	2	74.9
Q3	3	71.5
Q3	4	69.0
Q3	5	67.3
Q4	0	100

Q4	1	83.5
Q4	2	77.7
Q4	3	74.3
Q4	4	72.2
Q4	5	70.5
Q5 (Highest)	0	100
Q5 (Highest))	1	85.8
Q5 (Highest)	2	80.2
Q5 (Highest)	3	77.1
Q5 (Highest)	4	75.0
Q5 (Highest)	5	73.5

Table 13b. Relative survival ratios for urban Canada for all cancers excluding lung and prostate cancer, by neighbourhood income quintile, Canada 2004-2006

Neighbourhood income quintile	Years since diagnosis	Relative survival for urban Canada
Q1 (Lowest)	0	100
Q1 (Lowest)	1	79.7
Q1 (Lowest)	2	72.7
Q1 (Lowest)	3	68.6
Q1 (Lowest)	4	65.7
Q1 (Lowest)	5	63.7
Q2	0	100
Q2	1	81.6
Q2	2	74.9
Q2	3	71.2
Q2	4	68.2
Q2	5	66.2
Q3	0	100
Q3	1	83.1
Q3	2	76.2
Q3	3	72.4
Q3	4	69.6
Q3	5	67.5
Q4	0	100
Q4	1	84.3
Q4	2	78.5
Q4	3	74.7

Q4	4	72.3
Q4	5	70.1
Q5 (Highest)	0	100
Q5 (Highest)	1	85.9
Q5 (Highest)	2	79.9
Q5 (Highest)	3	76.4
Q5 (Highest)	4	73.8
Q5 (Highest)	5	72.0